



Test Report issued under the responsibility of:



TEST REPORT IEC 62133-2 Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications – Part 2: Lithium systems	
Report Number.....	CN21LCY6 001
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Name of Testing Laboratory preparing the Report	Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Applicant's name.....	Shenzhen Chen Xin Sheng Energy Co., Ltd.
Address.....	356 Jiaanda Building, 110 Huafang Road, Tongsheng Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China
Test specification:	
Standard.....	IEC 62133-2: 2017
Test procedure.....	CB Scheme
Non-standard test method	N/A
Test Report Form No.	IEC62133_2A
Test Report Form(s) Originator....	DEKRA
Master TRF	Dated 2017-08-10
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Test item description.....:	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery	
Trade Mark.....:	N/A	
Manufacturer.....:	Same as applicant	
Model/Type reference	103048	
Ratings.....:	3.7V, 1500mAh, 5.55Wh	
Responsible Testing Laboratory (as applicable), testing procedure and testing location(s):		
☒	CB Testing Laboratory:	Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Testing location/ address		1B/F, Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou, Fuyong, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Tested by (name, function, signature)		Red Chen (Project Engineer) <i>Red Chen.</i>
Approved by (name, function, signature)..:		Jokin Teng (Reviewer) <i>Jokin Teng.</i>
Testing procedure: CTF Stage 1:		
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name, function, signature)		
Approved by (name, function, signature)..:		
Testing procedure: CTF Stage 2:		
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name + signature)		
Witnessed by (name, function, signature)..:		
Approved by (name, function, signature)..:		
Testing procedure: CTF Stage 3:		
Testing procedure: CTF Stage 4:		
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name, function, signature)		
Witnessed by (name, function, signature)..:		
Approved by (name, function, signature)..:		
Supervised by (name, function, signature):		

List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment): Attachment 1: (Republic of Korea) NATIONAL DIFFERENCES (3 pages); Attachment 2: Photo documentation (4 pages)	
Summary of testing:	
Tests performed (name of test and test clause): cl.5.6.2 Design recommendation; cl.7.1 Charging procedure for test purposes (for Cells and Batteries); cl.7.2.1 Continuous charging at constant voltage (Cells); cl.7.2.2 Case stress at high ambient temperature (Batteries); cl.7.3.1 External short circuit (Cells); cl.7.3.2 External short circuit (Batteries); cl.7.3.3 Free fall (Cells and Batteries); cl.7.3.4 Thermal abuse (Cells); cl.7.3.5 Crush (Cells); cl.7.3.6 Over-charging of battery; cl.7.3.7 Forced discharge (Cells); cl.7.3.8 Mechanical tests (Batteries); cl.7.3.9 Design evaluation – Forced internal short circuit (Cells). Tests were made with the number of cells and batteries specified in IEC 62133-2: 2017 Table 1.	Testing location: Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd. 1B/F, Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou, Fuyong, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed): KR KR=Korea, Republic of ☒ The product fulfils the requirements of <u>EN62133-2: 2017</u>.	

Copy of marking plate:

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks.

+ (Red) Rechargeable Li-ion Battery
Model: 103048 1ICP10/30/49
3.7V 1500mAh 5.55Wh
Shenzhen Chen Xin Sheng Energy Co., Ltd.
- (Black) Date: 202108 Made in China
WARNING: Risk of Fire and Burns. Do Not Open, Crush, Heat
Above 60°C/140°F or Incine rate. Do not short circuit. If bulges
severely, discontinue use.

Date code: YYYYMM

YYYY=Year, MM=Month

e.g.: 202108=August, 2021

Test item particulars.....:	
Classification of installation and use	To be defined in final product
Supply Connection.....	Lead wire
Recommend charging method declared by the manufacturer	Charging the battery with 300mA constant current and 4.2V constant voltage until the current reduces to 30mA at ambient 25°C±2°C.
Discharge current (0,2 It A).....	300mA
Specified final voltage	3.0V
Upper limit charging voltage per cell.....	4.2V
Maximum charging current	1500mA
Charging temperature upper limit	45°C
Charging temperature lower limit.....	10°C
Polymer cell electrolyte type	☐ gel polymer ☐ solid polymer ☒ N/A
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object..... : N/A	
- test object does meet the requirement	
: P (Pass)	
- test object does not meet the requirement..... : F (Fail)	
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item..... : 2021-08-25	
Date (s) of performance of tests : 2021-08-26 to 2021-09-08	
General remarks:	
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a ☐ comma / ☒ point is used as the decimal separator.	
Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of IEC60068-2-1:	
The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided.....	☐ Yes ☒ Not applicable
When differences exist; they shall be identified in the General product information section.	
Name and address of factory (ies) : Same as applicant	

General product information and other remarks:

This battery is constructed with a single lithium-ion cell, and has overcharge, over-discharge, over current and short-circuits proof circuit.

The main features of the battery are shown as below (clause 7.1.1):

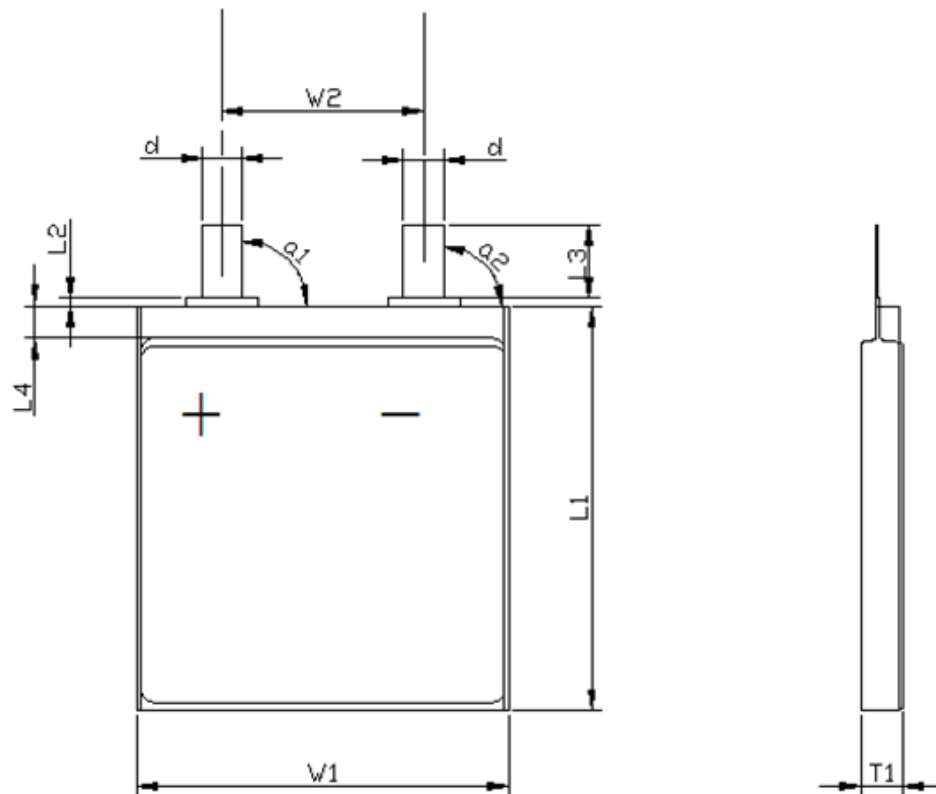
Model (Battery)	Nominal capacity	Nominal voltage	Nominal Charge Current	Nominal Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Current	Maximum Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Voltage	Final Voltage
103048	1500mAh	3.7V	300mA	300mA	1500mA	1500mA	4.2V	3.0V

The main features of the cell in the battery are shown as below (clause 7.1.1):

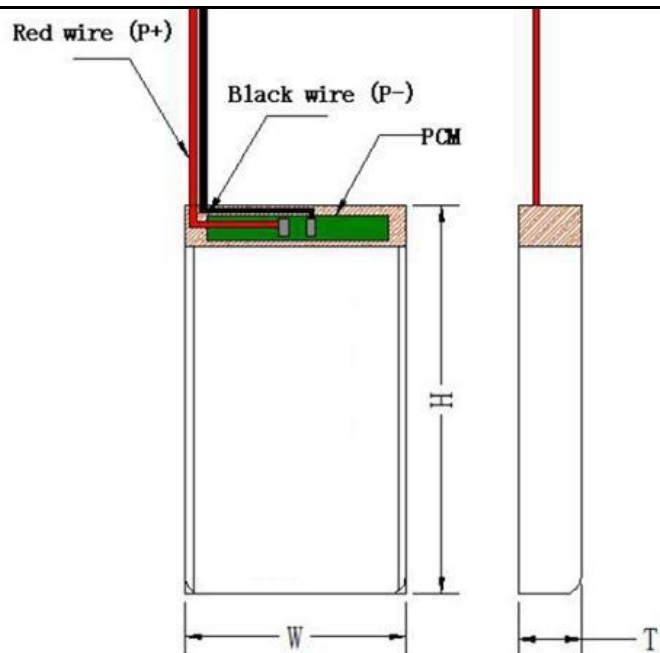
Model (Cell)	Nominal capacity	Nominal voltage	Nominal Charge Current	Nominal Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Current	Maximum Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Voltage	Final Voltage
103048	1500mAh	3.7V	300mA	300mA	1500mA	1500mA	4.2V	3.0V

The main features of the cell in the battery are shown as below (clause 7.1.2):

Model (Cell)	Upper limit charge voltage	Taper-off current	Lower charge temperature	Upper charge temperature
103048	4.2V	75mA	10°C	45°C

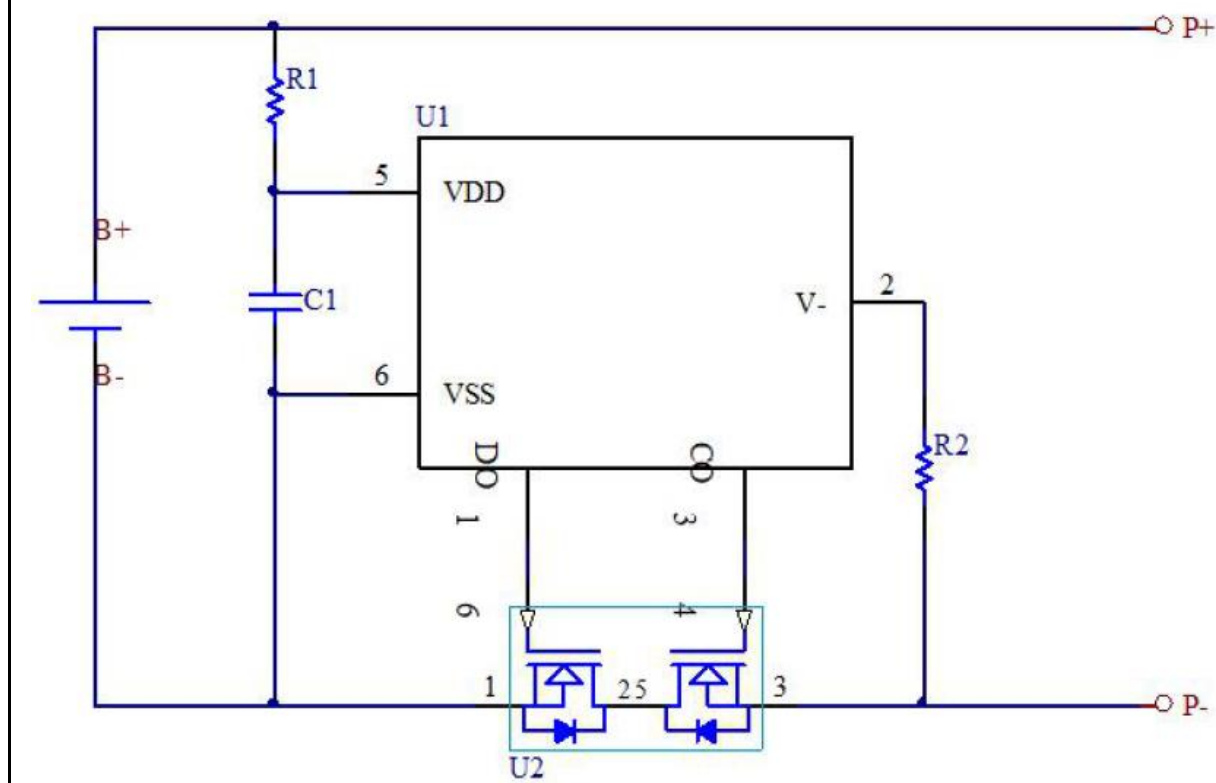
Construction

(Maximum) Dimension: $T1 \times W1 \times L1$: 10.0mm×30.0mm×48.5mm
Cell



(Maximum) Dimension: $T \times W \times H$: 10.0mm $\times$ 30.0mm $\times$ 51.0mm
Battery

Circuit diagram:



IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4	PARAMETER MEASUREMENT TOLERANCES		P
	Parameter measurement tolerances		P
5	GENERAL SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS		P
5.1	General		P
	Cells and batteries so designed and constructed that they are safe under conditions of both intended use and reasonably foreseeable misuse		P
5.2	Insulation and wiring		P
	The insulation resistance between the positive terminal and externally exposed metal surfaces of the battery (excluding electrical contact surfaces) is not less than 5 MΩ	No metal surface exists.	N/A
	Insulation resistance (MΩ)		—
	Internal wiring and insulation are sufficient to withstand maximum anticipated current, voltage and temperature requirements		P
	Orientation of wiring maintains adequate clearance and creepage distances between conductors		P
	Mechanical integrity of internal connections accommodates reasonably foreseeable misuse		P
5.3	Venting		P
	Battery cases and cells incorporate a pressure relief mechanism or are constructed so that they relieve excessive internal pressure at a value and rate that will preclude rupture, explosion and self-ignition	Venting mechanism exists on the narrow side of pouch cell.	P
	Encapsulation used to support cells within an outer casing does not cause the battery to overheat during normal operation nor inhibit pressure relief		N/A
5.4	Temperature, voltage and current management		P
	Batteries are designed such that abnormal temperature rise conditions are prevented	Overcharge, over discharge, over current and short-circuit proof circuit used in this battery. See tests of clause 7.	P
	Batteries are designed to be within temperature, voltage and current limits specified by the cell manufacturer	See above.	P
	Batteries are provided with specifications and charging instructions for equipment manufacturers so that specified chargers are designed to maintain charging within the temperature, voltage and current limits specified	The charging limits specified in the manufacturer's specification.	P
5.5	Terminal contacts		P
	The size and shape of the terminal contacts ensure that they can carry the maximum anticipated current	Lead wire contacts complied with the requirements.	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	External terminal contact surfaces are formed from conductive materials with good mechanical strength and corrosion resistance		P
	Terminal contacts are arranged to minimize the risk of short-circuit		P
5.6	Assembly of cells into batteries		P
5.6.1	General		P
	Each battery have an independent control and protection for current, voltage, temperature and any other parameter required for safety and to maintain the cells within their operating region	Protective circuit equipped on battery.	P
	This protection may be provided external to the battery such as within the charger or the end devices		N/A
	If protection is external to the battery, the manufacturer of the battery provide this safety relevant information to the external device manufacturer for implementation		N/A
	If there is more than one battery housed in a single battery case, each battery have protective circuitry that can maintain the cells within their operating regions		N/A
	Manufacturers of cells specify current, voltage and temperature limits so that the battery manufacturer/designer may ensure proper design and assembly	Current, voltage and temperature limits specified by cell manufacturer.	P
	Batteries that are designed for the selective discharge of a portion of their series connected cells incorporate circuitry to prevent operation of cells outside the limits specified by the cell manufacturer		N/A
	Protective circuit components added as appropriate and consideration given to the end-device application		P
	The manufacturer of the battery provide a safety analysis of the battery safety circuitry with a test report including a fault analysis of the protection circuit under both charging and discharging conditions confirming the compliance	Safety analysis report provided by manufacturer.	P
5.6.2	Design recommendation		P
	For the battery consisting of a single cell or a single cellblock, it is recommended that the charging voltage of the cell does not exceed the upper limit of the charging voltage specified in Table 2	Single cell battery, Max. charging voltage: 4.2V, not exceed 4.2V specified in Table 2.	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For the battery consisting of series-connected plural single cells or series-connected plural cellblocks, it is recommended that the voltages of any one of the single cells or single cellblocks does not exceed the upper limit of the charging voltage, specified in Table 2, by monitoring the voltage of every single cell or the single cellblocks		N/A
	For the battery consisting of series-connected plural single cells or series-connected plural cellblocks, it is recommended that charging is stopped when the upper limit of the charging voltage is exceeded for any one of the single cells or single cellblocks by measuring the voltage of every single cell or the single cellblocks		N/A
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, nominal charge voltage not be counted as an overcharge protection		N/A
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, cells have closely matched capacities, be of the same design, be of the same chemistry and be from the same manufacturer		N/A
	It is recommended that the cells and cell blocks not discharged beyond the cell manufacturer's specified final voltage	Final voltage of cell: 3.0V, not exceed the final voltage specified by cell manufacturer.	P
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, cell balancing circuitry incorporated into the battery management system		N/A
5.6.3	Mechanical protection for cells and components of batteries		P
	Mechanical protection for cells, cell connections and control circuits within the battery provided to prevent damage as a result of intended use and reasonably foreseeable misuse	Mechanical protection for cell connections and control circuits provided.	P
	The mechanical protection can be provided by the battery case or it can be provided by the end product enclosure for those batteries intended for building into an end product	Built-in batteries, mechanical protection for cells should be provided by end product.	N/A
	The battery case and compartments housing cells designed to accommodate cell dimensional tolerances during charging and discharging as recommended by the cell manufacturer	To be evaluated in final system.	N/A
	For batteries intended for building into a portable end product, testing with the battery installed within the end product considered when conducting mechanical tests		N/A
5.7	Quality plan		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The manufacturer prepares and implements a quality plan that defines procedures for the inspection of materials, components, cells and batteries and which covers the whole process of producing each type of cell or battery	Complied. Quality control plan.	P
5.8	Battery safety components		N/A
	According annex F	See TABLE: Critical components information	N/A

6	TYPE TEST AND SAMPLE SIZE		P
	Tests are made with the number of cells or batteries specified in Table 1 using cells or batteries that are not more than six months old		P
	Coin cells with resistance $\leq 3 \Omega$ (measured according annex D) are tested according table 1	Not coin cells	N/A
	Unless otherwise specified, tests are carried out in an ambient temperature of $20^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$		P
	The safety analysis of 5.6.1 identify those components of the protection circuit that are critical for short-circuit, overcharge and overdischarge protection		P
	When conducting the short-circuit test, consideration given to the simulation of any single fault condition that is likely to occur in the protecting circuit that would affect the short-circuit test	See clause 7.3.2.	P

7	SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS AND TESTS		P
7.1	Charging procedure for test purposes		P
7.1.1	First procedure		P
	This charging procedure applies to subclauses other than those specified in 7.1.2		P
	Unless otherwise stated in this document, the charging procedure for test purposes is carried out in an ambient temperature of $20^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, using the method declared by the manufacturer	See page 5.	P
	Prior to charging, the battery have been discharged at $20^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ at a constant current of 0,2 It A down to a specified final voltage	See page 5.	P
7.1.2	Second procedure		P
	This charging procedure applies only to 7.3.1, 7.3.4, 7.3.5, and 7.3.9		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	After stabilization for 1 h and 4 h, respectively, at ambient temperature of highest test temperature and lowest test temperature, as specified in Table 2, cells are charged by using the upper limit charging voltage and maximum charging current, until the charging current is reduced to 0,05 It A, using a constant voltage charging method	Charge temperature specified by manufacturer: 10-45°C. 10°C used for lower limit tests. 45°C used for upper limit tests.	P
7.2	Intended use		P
7.2.1	Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells)		P
	Fully charged cells are subjected for 7 days to a charge using the charging method for current and standard voltage specified by the cell manufacturer	Charging for 7 days with 300mA.	P
	Results: No fire. No explosion. No leakage	(See appended table 7.2.1)	P
7.2.2	Case stress at high ambient temperature (battery)	Tested as request by client.	P
	Oven temperature (°C).....	70°C	—
	Results: No physical distortion of the battery case resulting in exposure of internal protective components and cells	No physical distortion of the battery case resulting in exposure of internal protective components and cells.	P
7.3	Reasonably foreseeable misuse		P
7.3.1	External short-circuit (cell)	Tested complied.	P
	The cells were tested until one of the following occurred:		P
	- 24 hours elapsed; or		N/A
	- The case temperature declined by 20 % of the maximum temperature rise		P
	Results: No fire. No explosion.....	(See appended table 7.3.1)	P
7.3.2	External short-circuit (battery)	Tested complied.	P
	The batteries were tested until one of the following occurred:		P
	- 24 hours elapsed; or		N/A
	- The case temperature declined by 20 % of the maximum temperature rise		P
	In case of rapid decline in short circuit current, the battery pack remained on test for an additional one hour after the current reached a low end steady state condition		P
	A single fault in the discharge protection circuit conducted on one to four (depending upon the protection circuit) of the five samples before conducting the short-circuit test	Single fault conducted on three samples.	P
	A single fault applies to protective component parts such as MOSFET, fuse, thermostat or positive temperature coefficient (PTC) thermistor	Single fault applies on MOSFET (U2 Pin 1 - Pin 3).	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Results: No fire. No explosion..... :	(See appended table 7.3.2)	P
7.3.3	Free fall	Tested complied.	P
	Results: No fire. No explosion	No fire. No explosion.	P
7.3.4	Thermal abuse (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	Oven temperature (°C)..... :	130°C	—
	Results: No fire. No explosion	No fire. No explosion.	P
7.3.5	Crush (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	The crushing force was released upon:		P
	- The maximum force of 13 kN ± 0,78 kN has been applied; or		P
	- An abrupt voltage drop of one-third of the original voltage has been obtained		N/A
	Results: No fire. No explosion..... :	(See appended table 7.3.5)	P
7.3.6	Over-charging of battery	Tested complied.	P
	The supply voltage which is:		P
	- 1,4 times the upper limit charging voltage presented in Table A.1 (but not to exceed 6,0 V) for single cell/cell block batteries or	5.88V applied.	P
	- 1,2 times the upper limit charging voltage resented in Table A.1 per cell for series connected multi-cell batteries, and		N/A
	- Sufficient to maintain a current of 2,0 It A throughout the duration of the test or until the supply voltage is reached		P
	Test was continued until the temperature of the outer casing:		P
	- Reached steady state conditions (less than 10 °C change in 30-minute period); or		N/A
	- Returned to ambient		P
	Results: No fire. No explosion..... :	(See appended table 7.3.6)	P
7.3.7	Forced discharge (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	If the discharge voltage reaches the negative value of upper limit charging voltage within the testing duration, the voltage is maintained at the negative value of the upper limit charging voltage by reducing the current for the remainder of the testing duration		N/A
	If the discharge voltage does not reach the negative value of upper limit charging voltage within the testing duration, the test is terminated at the end of the testing duration		P
	Results: No fire. No explosion..... :	(See appended table 7.3.7)	P
7.3.8	Mechanical tests (batteries)		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
7.3.8.1	Vibration	Tested complied.	P
	Results: No fire, no explosion, no rupture, no leakage or venting. :	(See appended table 7.3.8.1)	P
7.3.8.2	Mechanical shock	Tested complied.	P
	Results: No leakage, no venting, no rupture, no explosion and no fire..... :	(See appended table 7.3.8.2)	P
7.3.9	Design evaluation – Forced internal short-circuit (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	The cells complied with national requirement for:	France, Japan, Republic of Korea and Switzerland.	—
	The pressing was stopped upon:		P
	- A voltage drop of 50 mV has been detected; or		N/A
	- The pressing force of 800 N (cylindrical cells) or 400 N (prismatic cells) has been reached	400N for prismatic cell.	P
	Results: No fire :	(See appended table 7.3.9)	P

8	INFORMATION FOR SAFETY		P
8.1	General		P
	Manufacturers of secondary cells ensure that information is provided about current, voltage and temperature limits of their products	Information for safety mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P
	Manufacturers of batteries ensure that equipment manufacturers and, in the case of direct sales, end-users are provided with information to minimize and mitigate hazards	Information for safety mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P
	Systems analyses performed by device manufacturers to ensure that a particular battery design prevents hazards from occurring during use of a product		N/A
	As appropriate, any information relating to hazard avoidance resulting from a system analysis provided to the end user		N/A
	Do not allow children to replace batteries without adult supervision		N/A
8.2	Small cell and battery safety information	Not small cells. Not small batteries.	N/A
	The following warning language is to be provided with the information packaged with the small cells and batteries or equipment using them:		N/A
	- Keep small cells and batteries which are considered swallowable out of the reach of children		N/A
	- Swallowing may lead to burns, perforation of soft tissue, and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 h of ingestion		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	- In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, seek medical assistance promptly		N/A
9	MARKING		P
9.1	Cell marking	The final product is battery	N/A
	Cells marked as specified in IEC 61960, except coin cells		N/A
	Coin cells whose external surface area is too small to accommodate the markings on the cells show the designation and polarity		N/A
	By agreement between the cell manufacturer and the battery and/or end product manufacturer, component cells used in the manufacture of a battery need not be marked		N/A
9.2	Battery marking		P
	Batteries marked as specified in IEC 61960, except for coin batteries	See marking plate on page 4.	P
	Coin batteries whose external surface area is too small to accommodate the markings on the batteries show the designation and polarity. Batteries also marked with an appropriate caution statement		N/A
	Terminals have clear polarity marking on the external surface of the battery	The “+ (Red)” and “- (Black)” polarity explicitly marked on surface of the battery.	P
	Batteries with keyed external connectors designed for connection to specific end products need not be marked with polarity markings if the design of the external connector prevents reverse polarity connections		N/A
9.3	Caution for ingestion of small cells and batteries		N/A
	Coin cells and batteries identified as small batteries according to 8.2 include a caution statement regarding the hazards of ingestion in accordance with 8.2	Not coin cells. Not coin batteries.	N/A
	When small cells and batteries are intended for direct sale in consumer-replaceable applications, caution for ingestion given on the immediate package		N/A
9.4	Other information		P
	Storage and disposal instructions	Information for storage and disposal instructions mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Recommended charging instructions	Information for recommended charging instructions mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P

10	PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT		P
	Packaging for coin cells not small enough to fit within the limits of the ingestion gauge of Figure 3	Not coin cells.	N/A
	The materials and packaging design are chosen so as to prevent the development of unintentional electrical conduction, corrosion of the terminals and ingress of environmental contaminants		P

ANNEX A	CHARGING AND DISCHARGING RANGE OF SECONDARY LITHIUM ION CELLS FOR SAFE USE		P
A.1	General		P
A.2	Safety of lithium ion secondary battery	Complied.	P
A.3	Consideration on charging voltage	Complied.	P
A.3.1	General		P
A.3.2	Upper limit charging voltage	4.2V applied.	P
A.3.2.1	General		P
A.3.2.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.3.2.3	Safety requirements, when different upper limit charging voltage is applied	4.2V applied.	N/A
A.4	Consideration of temperature and charging current		P
A.4.1	General		P
A.4.2	Recommended temperature range	See A.4.2.2.	P
A.4.2.1	General		P
A.4.2.2	Safety consideration when a different recommended temperature range is applied	Charging temperature declared by client is: 10-45°C.	N/A
A.4.3	High temperature range	Not higher than the temperature specific in this standard.	N/A
A.4.3.1	General		N/A
A.4.3.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.4.3.3	Safety considerations when specifying charging conditions in the high temperature range		N/A
A.4.3.4	Safety considerations when specifying a new upper limit in the high temperature range		N/A
A.4.4	Low temperature range	Not lower than the temperature specific in this standard.	N/A
A.4.4.1	General		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
A.4.4.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.4.4.3	Safety considerations, when specifying charging conditions in the low temperature range		N/A
A.4.4.4	Safety considerations when specifying a new lower limit in the low temperature range		N/A
A.4.5	Scope of the application of charging current		P
A.4.6	Consideration of discharge		P
A.4.6.1	General		P
A.4.6.2	Final discharge voltage and explanation of safety viewpoint	Cell specified final voltage 3.0V, not exceed 3.0V specified by cell manufacturer.	P
A.4.6.3	Discharge current and temperature range		P
A.4.6.4	Scope of application of the discharging current		P
A.5	Sample preparation		P
A.5.1	General		P
A.5.2	Insertion procedure for nickel particle to generate internal short		P
A.5.3	Disassembly of charged cell		P
A.5.4	Shape of nickel particle		P
A.5.5	Insertion of nickel particle in cylindrical cell		N/A
A.5.5.1	Insertion of nickel particle in winding core		N/A
A.5.5.2	Marking the position of the nickel particle on both ends of the winding core of the separator		N/A
A.5.6	Insertion of nickel particle in prismatic cell		P
A.6	Experimental procedure of the forced internal short-circuit test		P
A.6.1	Material and tools for preparation of nickel particle		P
A.6.2	Example of a nickel particle preparation procedure		P
A.6.3	Positioning (or placement) of a nickel particle		P
A.6.4	Damaged separator precaution		P
A.6.5	Caution for rewinding separator and electrode		P
A.6.6	Insulation film for preventing short-circuit		P
A.6.7	Caution when disassembling a cell		P
A.6.8	Protective equipment for safety		P
A.6.9	Caution in the case of fire during disassembling		P
A.6.10	Caution for the disassembling process and pressing the electrode core		P
A.6.11	Recommended specifications for the pressing device		P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
ANNEX B	RECOMMENDATIONS TO EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS AND BATTERY ASSEMBLERS		N/A
ANNEX C	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE END-USERS		N/A
ANNEX D	MEASUREMENT OF THE INTERNAL AC RESISTANCE FOR COIN CELLS		N/A
D.1	General	Not coin cells.	N/A
D.2	Method		N/A
	A sample size of three coin cells is required for this measurement..... :	(See appended table D.2)	N/A
	Coin cells with an internal resistance of less than or equal to 3 Ω are subjected to the testing according to Clause 6 and Table 1		N/A
	Coin cells with an internal resistance greater than 3 Ω require no further testing		N/A
ANNEX E	PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT		N/A
ANNEX F	COMPONENT STANDARDS REFERENCES		N/A

TABLE: Critical components information					P
Object / part No.	Manufacturer / trademark	Type / model	Technical data	Standard	Mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾
Cell	Shenzhen Chen Xin Sheng Energy Co., Ltd.	103048	3.7V, 1500mAh	IEC 62133-2: 2017	Tested with appliance
-Positive electrode	Guizhou Peipeipei Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	3G	LiCoO ₂ , NMP, PVDF, Conductive Additive	--	--
-Negative electrode	Qingdao Keshuo New Materials Technology Co. Ltd.	AG15-2	Graphite, CMC, SBR, Distilled Water, Conductive Additive	--	--
-Electrolyte	Dongguan Shanshan Battery Material Co., Ltd.	171067	LiPF ₆ +EC+EMC+DMC	--	--
-Separator	Shenzhen Taoyue Technology Co., Ltd.	TYA-16um	PE, Shutdown Temperature: 130°C	--	--
PCB	SHENZHEN LUTONGDA TECHNOLOGY CO LTD	LTD-D	V-0, 130°C, thickness: 0.7mm	UL 796 UL 94	UL E486889
PCB (Alternative)	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	V-0, 130°C, thickness: 0.7mm	UL 796 UL 94	UL approved
Protective IC (U1)	Taiwan Zhuolang Micro Technology Co., LTD	ZLDW01A	V _{CU} : 4.3±0.05V, V _{DL} : 2.5±0.1V	--	Tested with appliance
MOSFET (U2)	Taiwan Zhuolang Micro Technology Co., LTD	ZL8205A	V _{DS} : 20V, V _{GS} : ±12V, I _D : 5A, T _J : -55~150°C	--	Tested with appliance
Lead wire	DONGGUAN HUMEN TOP RICH WIRE & CABLE FACTORY	3302	26AWG, 105°C, 30Vac	UL 758	UL E315320
Lead wire (Alternative)	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	26AWG, 105°C, 30Vac	UL 758	UL approved
Supplementary information: ¹⁾ Provided evidence ensures the agreed level of compliance. See OD-CB2039. License available upon request.					

7.2.1	TABLE: Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells)				P
Sample no.	Recommended charging voltage Vc (Vdc)	Recommended charging current I _{rec} (mA)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Results	
TS20210106566C1#	4.20	300	4.20	P	
TS20210106566C2#	4.20	300	4.19	P	
TS20210106566C3#	4.20	300	4.20	P	
TS20210106566C4#	4.20	300	4.20	P	
TS20210106566C5#	4.20	300	4.20	P	
Supplementary information:					
- No fire or explosion					
- No leakage					

7.3.1	TABLE: External short-circuit (cell)				P
Sample no.	Ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Resistance of circuit (mΩ)	Maximum case temperature rise ΔT, °C	Results
Samples charged at charging temperature upper limit (45°C)					
TS20210106566C6#	55.2	4.19	82	109.2	P
TS20210106566C7#	55.2	4.19	83	110.8	P
TS20210106566C8#	55.2	4.18	79	106.4	P
TS20210106566C9#	55.2	4.18	81	107.6	P
TS20210106566C10#	55.2	4.19	82	109.8	P
Samples charged at charging temperature lower limit (10°C)					
TS20210106566C11#	55.2	4.15	82	107.3	P
TS20210106566C12#	55.2	4.14	80	97.4	P
TS20210106566C13#	55.2	4.14	85	104.1	P
TS20210106566C14#	55.2	4.15	79	100.5	P
TS20210106566C15#	55.2	4.16	82	98.0	P
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion					

7.3.2	TABLE: External short-circuit (battery)					P
Sample no.	Ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Resistance of circuit (mΩ)	Maximum case temperature rise ΔT , °C	Component single fault condition	Results
TS20210106566B4#	23.0	4.19	82	102.1	Short circuit MOSFET (U2 Pin 1 - Pin 3)	P
TS20210106566B5#	23.0	4.18	81	99.5	Short circuit MOSFET (U2 Pin 1 - Pin 3)	P
TS20210106566B6#	23.0	4.19	79	100.9	Short circuit MOSFET (U2 Pin 1 - Pin 3)	P
TS20210106566B7#	23.0	4.18	80	23.2	--	P
TS20210106566B8#	23.0	4.17	78	23.3	--	P
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion						

7.3.5	TABLE: Crush (cells)				P
Sample no.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV at removal of crushing force (Vdc)	Maximum force applied to the cell during crush (kN)	Results	
Samples charged at charging temperature upper limit (45°C)					
TS20210106566C29#	4.18	4.18	13.04	P	
TS20210106566C30#	4.19	4.19	13.01	P	
TS20210106566C31#	4.18	4.18	13.03	P	
TS20210106566C32#	4.18	4.18	13.03	P	
TS20210106566C33#	4.19	4.19	13.01	P	
Samples charged at charging temperature lower limit (10°C)					
TS20210106566C34#	4.15	4.15	13.05	P	
TS20210106566C35#	4.16	4.16	13.02	P	
TS20210106566C36#	4.16	4.16	13.03	P	
TS20210106566C37#	4.15	4.15	13.05	P	
TS20210106566C38#	4.14	4.14	13.04	P	
Note: A 13kN force applied at the wide side of prismatic cells. No voltage abrupt occurred.					
Supplementary information:					
- No fire or explosion					

7.3.6	TABLE: Over-charging of battery				P
Constant charging current (A)			3.0		—
Supply voltage (Vdc).....			5.88		—
Sample no.	OCV before charging (Vdc)	Total charging time (minute)	Maximum outer case temperature (°C)	Results	
TS20210106566B12#	3.31	80	39.9	P	
TS20210106566B13#	3.32	80	39.6	P	
TS20210106566B14#	3.32	80	39.4	P	
TS20210106566B15#	3.33	80	40.1	P	
TS20210106566B16#	3.31	80	40.0	P	
Supplementary information:					
- No fire or explosion					

7.3.7	TABLE: Forced discharge (cells)				P
Sample no.	OCV before application of reverse charge (Vdc)	Measured reverse charge I _t (mA)	Lower limit discharge voltage (Vdc)	Results	
TS20210106566C39#	3.34	1500	3.0	P	
TS20210106566C40#	3.35	1500	3.0	P	
TS20210106566C41#	3.34	1500	3.0	P	
TS20210106566C42#	3.33	1500	3.0	P	
TS20210106566C43#	3.33	1500	3.0	P	
Supplementary information:					
- No fire or explosion					

7.3.8.1	TABLE: Vibration					P
Sample no.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV after test (Vdc)	Mass before test (g)	Mass after test (g)	Results	
TS20210106566B17#	4.19	4.19	26.746	26.745	P	
TS20210106566B18#	4.19	4.19	26.854	26.852	P	
TS20210106566B19#	4.18	4.18	26.469	26.467	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion - No rupture - No leakage - No venting						

7.3.8.2	TABLE: Mechanical shock					P
Sample no.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV after test (Vdc)	Mass before test (g)	Mass after test (g)	Results	
TS2021010656 6B20#	4.18	4.18	26.547	26.546	P	
TS2021010656 6B21#	4.18	4.18	26.698	26.698	P	
TS2021010656 6B22#	4.19	4.19	26.686	26.685	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion - No rupture - No leakage - No venting						

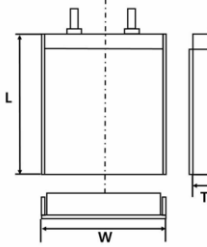
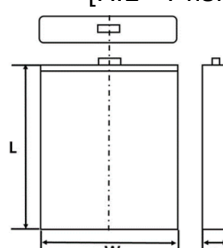
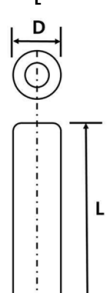
7.3.9	TABLE: Forced internal short circuit (cells)					P
Sample no.	Chamber ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Particle location ¹⁾	Maximum applied pressure (N)	Results	
Samples charged at charging temperature upper limit (45°C)						
TS2021010656 6C44#	45	4.19	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C45#	45	4.18	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C46#	45	4.18	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C47#	45	4.17	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C48#	45	4.18	1	400	P	
Samples charged at charging temperature lower limit (10°C)						
TS2021010656 6C49#	10	4.16	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C50#	10	4.14	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C51#	10	4.15	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C52#	10	4.15	1	400	P	
TS2021010656 6C53#	10	4.14	1	400	P	
Supplementary information: ¹⁾ Identify one of the following: 1: Nickel particle inserted between positive and negative (active material) coated area. 2: Nickel particle inserted between positive aluminium foil and negative active material coated area. - No fire or explosion						

D.2	TABLE: Internal AC resistance for coin cells				N/A
Sample no.	Ambient T (°C)	Store time (h)	Resistance Rac (Ω)	Results ¹⁾	
Supplementary information:					
¹⁾ Coin cells with internal resistance less than or equal to 3 Ω , see test result on corresponding tables					

-- End of Report --

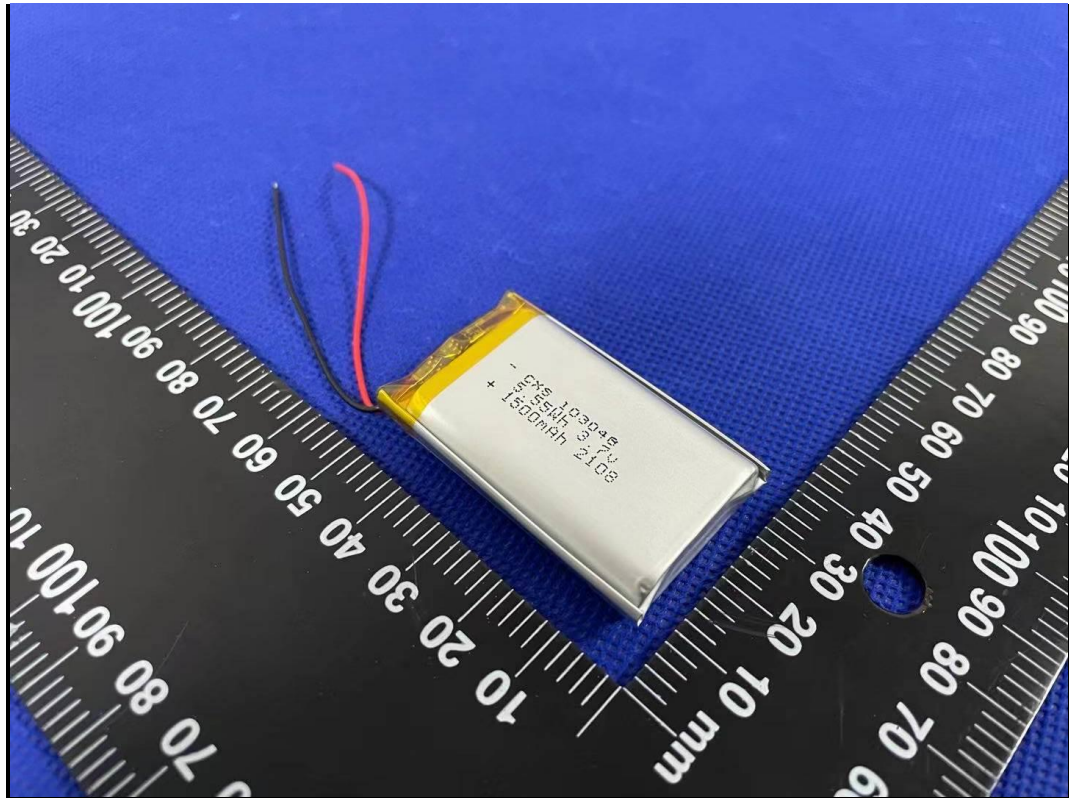
IEC62133_2A ATTACHMENT			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62133-2 (Republic of Korea) NATIONAL DIFFERENCES (Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary lithium cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications - Part 2: Lithium systems)			
Differences according to : National standard KC62133-2(2020-07)			
TRF template used : IECEE OD-2020-F3, Ed. 1.1			
Attachment Form No. : KR_ND_IEC62133_2A			
Attachment Originator : KTR			
Master Attachment : Dated 2020-09-25			
Copyright © 2020 IEC System for Conformity Testing and Certification of Electrical Equipment (IECEE), Geneva, Switzerland. All rights reserved.			
	National Differences		P
7.3.6	Over-charging of battery		P
(Revision)	[Add the bolded text] b) Test The test shall be carried out in an ambient temperature of 20 °C ± 5 °C. Each test battery shall be discharged at a constant current of 0,2 It A, to a final discharge voltage specified by the manufacturer. Sample batteries shall then be charged at a constant current of 2,0 It A, using a supply voltage which is: • 1,4 times the upper limit charging voltage presented in Table A.1 (but not to exceed 6,0 V) for single cell/cell block batteries or • 1,2 times the upper limit charging voltage presented in Table A.1 per cell for series connected multi-cell batteries, and • sufficient to maintain a current of 2,0 It A throughout the duration of the test or until the supply voltage is reached. <u>• In case the charging voltage specified by the manufacturer is higher than the overcharge test voltage, the maximum charging voltage specified by manufacturer should be applied with 2.0 ItA.</u> <u>(e.g., quick charging power bank, etc.)</u>	Constant charging current (A): 3.0 Supply voltage (Vdc): 5.88	P

IEC62133_2A ATTACHMENT			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	[Replace to the following statement] c) Acceptance criteria Overcharging exceeding to the limits specified by the manufacturer should not result in fire or explosion.		
Annex G	Definition for shape and materials of outer case for cell		—
(Addition)	G.1 General Annex G provides definitions for shape and materials of outer case for cell G.2 Shape of outer case for cell G 2.1 Cylindrical cell Cell with a cylindrical shape in which the overall height is equal to or greater than diameter. G 2.2 Prismatic cell Cell having the shape of a parallelepiped whose faces are rectangular G.3 Materials of outer case for cell G.3.1 Soft case Non-metallic outer case or container for cell G.3.2 Hard case Metallic outer case or container for cell.	(Shape of outer cases) ☐ Cylindrical ☒ Prismatic (Materials of outer cases) ☐ Hard ☒ Soft	—
Annex H	Calculation method of the volumetric energy density for cell		—
(Addition)	Annex H provide a calculation method of the volumetric energy density for cell in use of smart phone, tablet, notebook. H.1 General Unless otherwise stated in the Annex E, the dimensions for calculation are based on these for cell before shipment and the volumetric energy density shall be calculated with a maximum values specified by manufacturer. If the specification for cell can't be provided a dimension for calculation, the manufacturer's other documentation shall be provided to demonstrate compliance for its calculation.	381.4Wh / L	—

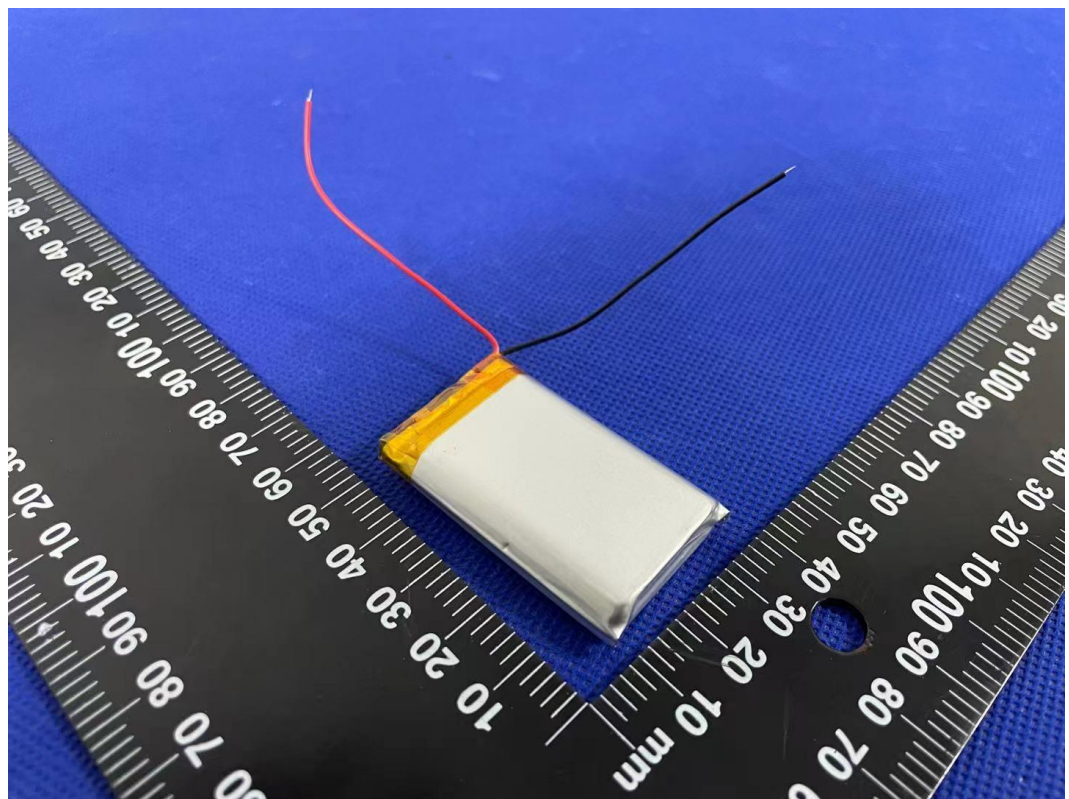
IEC62133_2A ATTACHMENT			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	H.2 Calculation Method  L : Length (max.) of cell (including terrace) W : Width (max.) of cell T : Thickness (max.) when shipping charge (For reference, Please Exclude the dimension of any tape that is attached to cell) $\text{Volumetric energy density (Wh/L)} = \frac{\text{Nominal voltage (V)} \times \text{Rated capacity (Ah)}}{\text{Length (L)} \times \text{Width (W)} \times \text{Thickness (T)}}$ [H.1 – Prismatic cell using soft case]  L : Length (max.) of cell W : Width (max.) of cell T : Thickness when shipping charge (For reference, Please Exclude the dimension of any tape that is attached to cell) $\text{Volumetric energy density (Wh/L)} = \frac{\text{Nominal voltage (V)} \times \text{Rated capacity (Ah)}}{\text{Length (L)} \times \text{Width (W)} \times \text{Thickness (T)}}$ [H.2 – Prismatic cell using hard case]  D : Diameter (max.) of cell L : Length (max.) of cell (According to shape of cell at shipping, The dimension of tube for cell may be included In overall dimension of cell) $\text{Volumetric energy density (Wh/L)} = \frac{\text{Nominal voltage (V)} \times \text{Rated capacity (Ah)}}{3.14159 \times \frac{\text{Diameter (D)}^2}{4} \times \text{Length(L)}}$ [H.3 – Cylindrical cell using hard case]		

Product: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

Type Designation: 103048



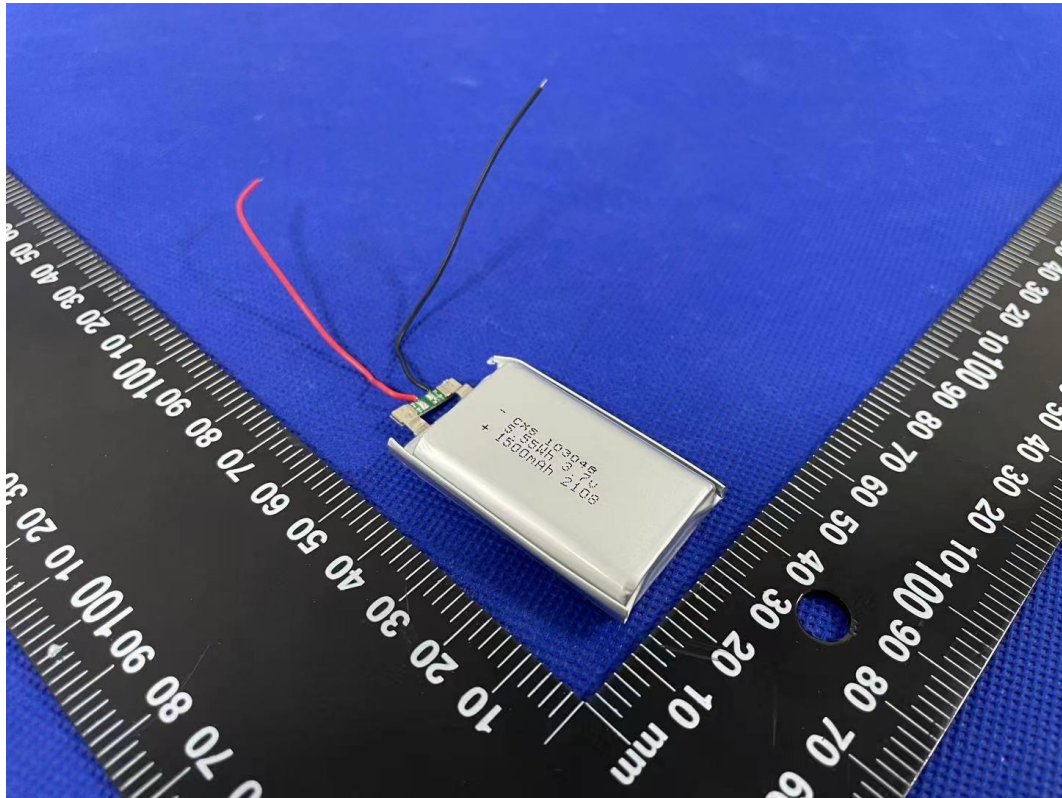
Picture 1. Front view of battery



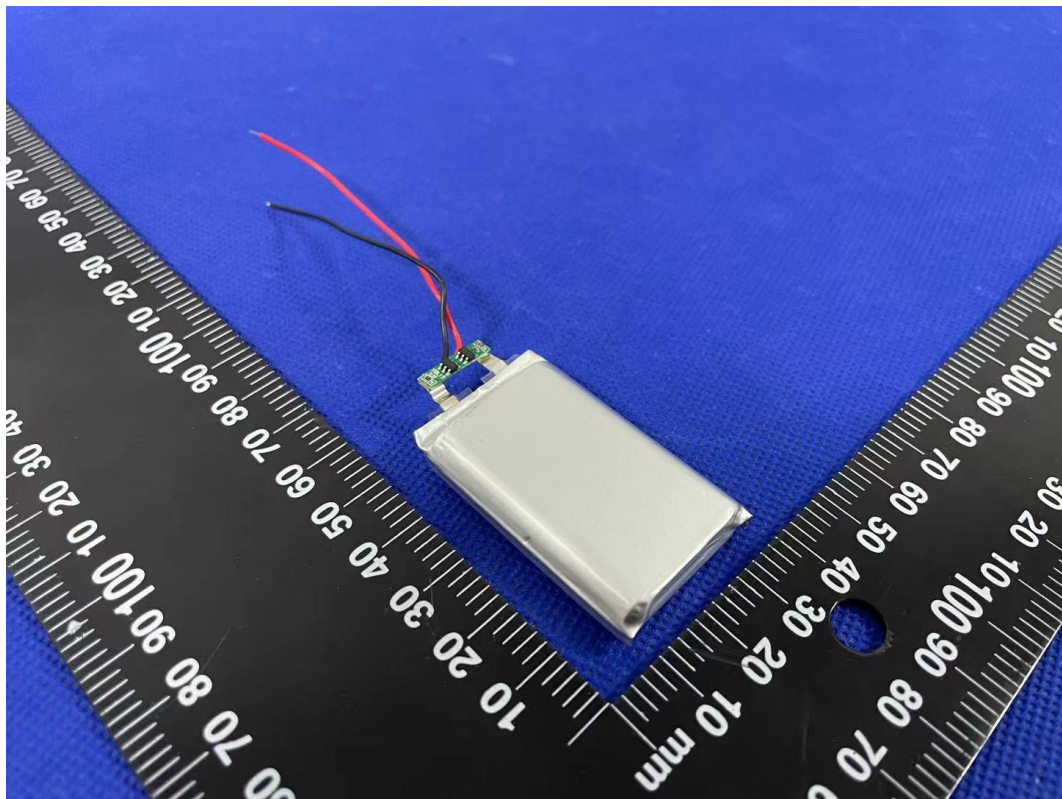
Picture 2. Back view of battery

Product: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

Type Designation: 103048



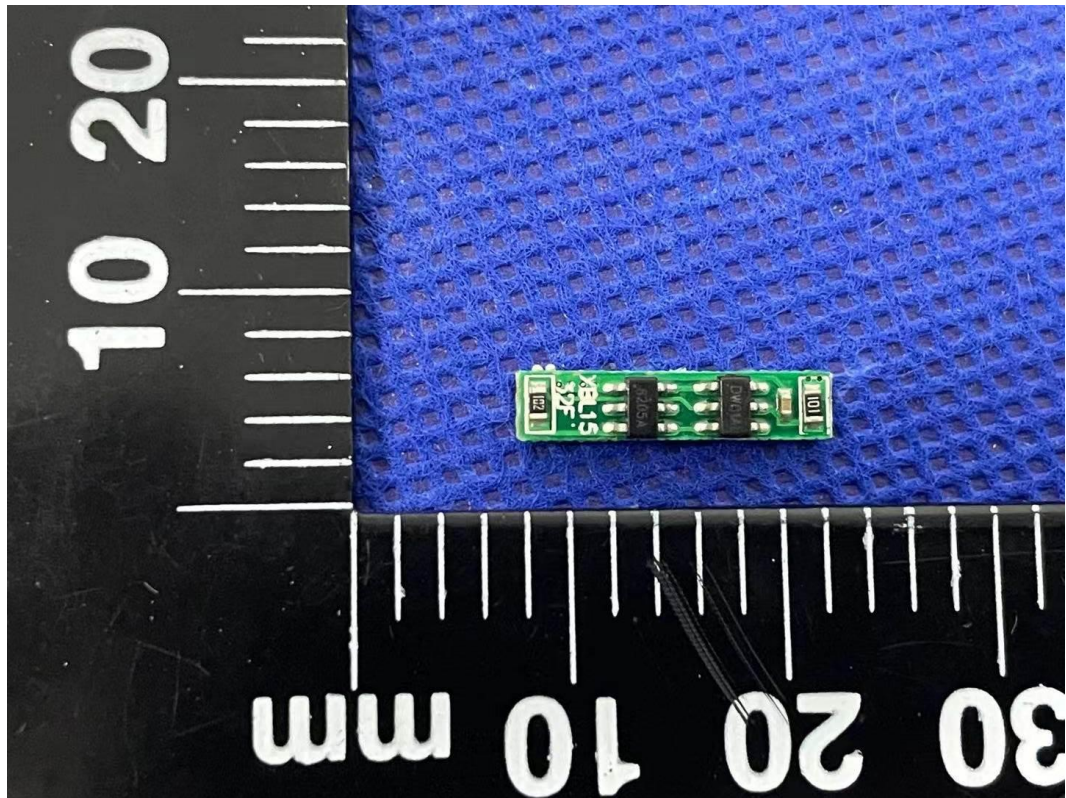
Picture 3. Inner view-1 of battery



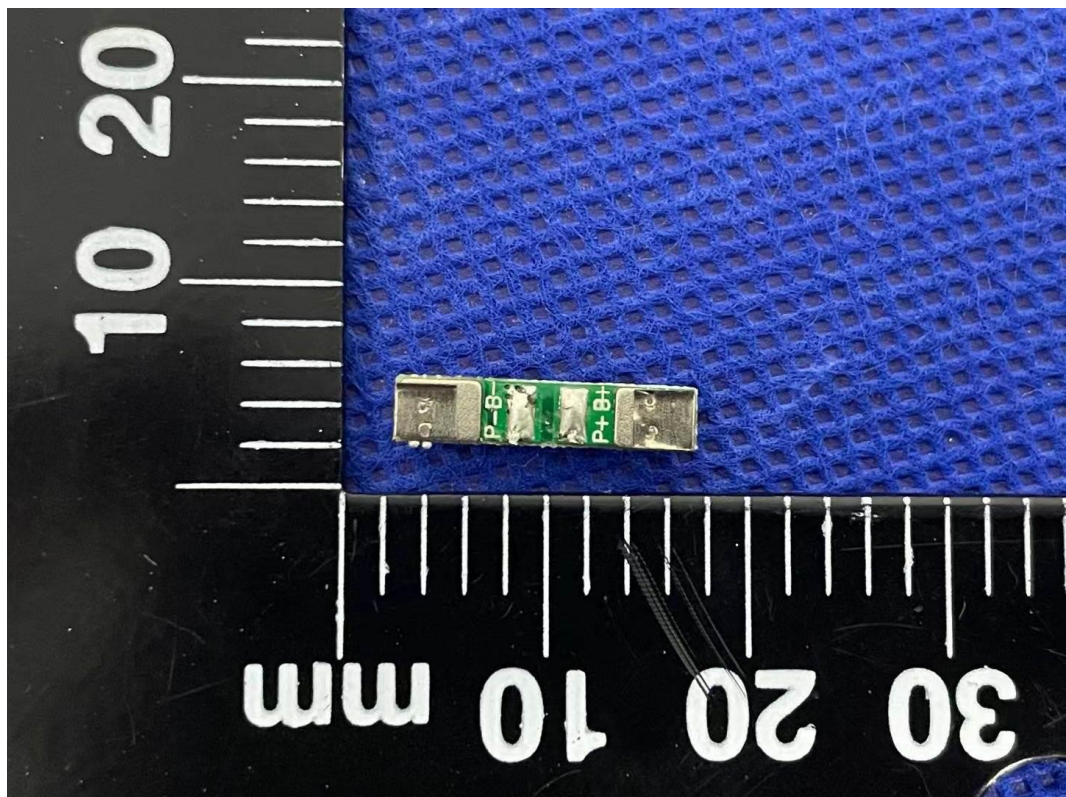
Picture 4. Inner view-2 of battery

Product: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

Type Designation: 103048



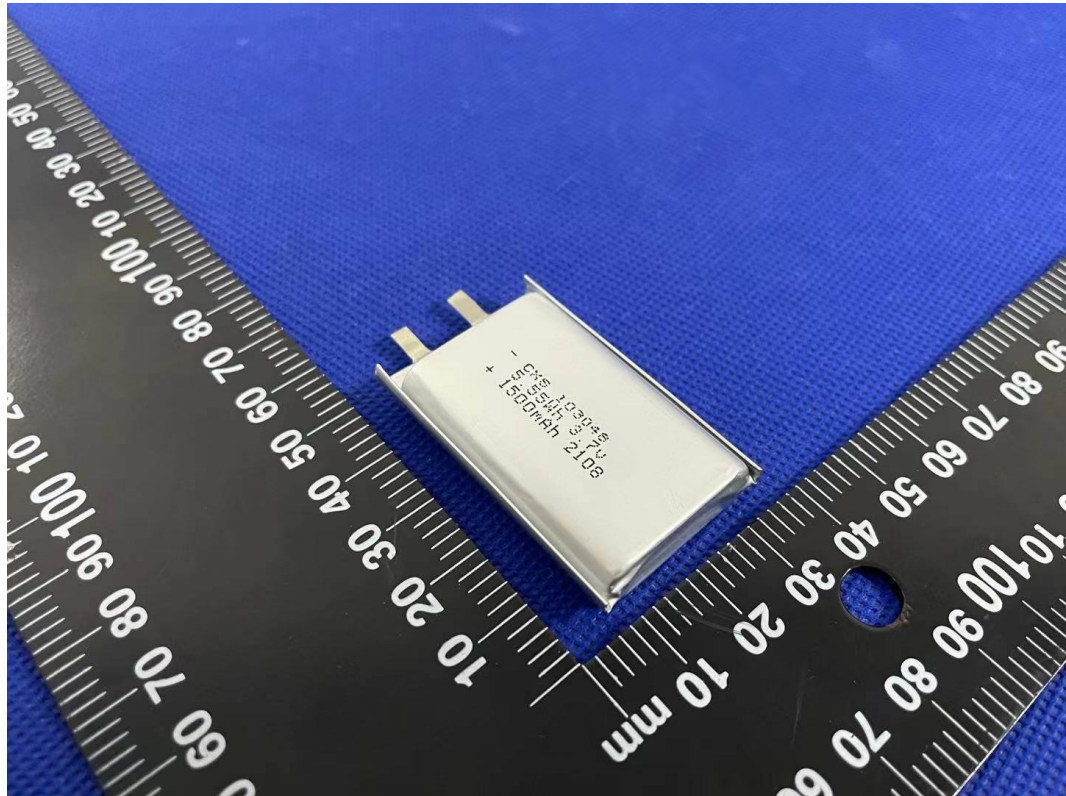
Picture 5. Front view of protection board



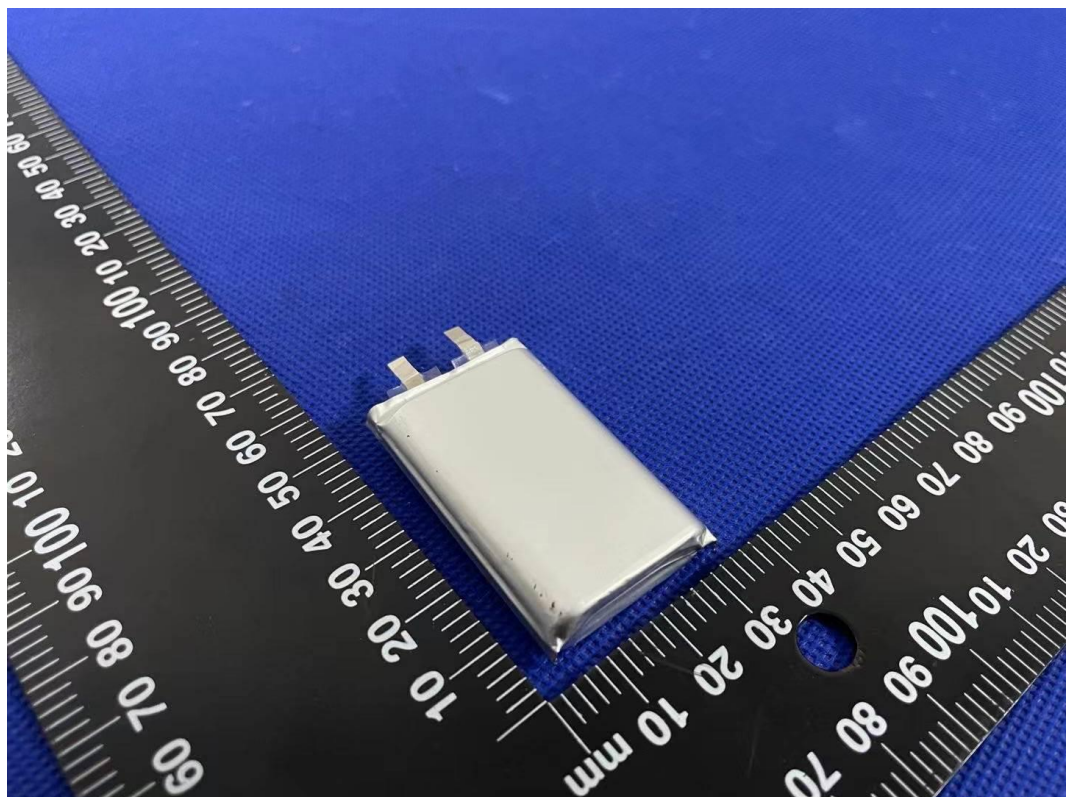
Picture 6. Back view of protection board

Product: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

Type Designation: 103048



Picture 7. Front view of cell



Picture 8. Back view of cell